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Bridging Public Health with Workplace Behavioral Health Services: A Call to Action

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Bridging Public Health with Workplace Behavioral Health Services: A Call to Action

PRESENTED BY:
Bernard A. McCann, PhD, CEAP
Tracy L. McPherson, PhD

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For More Information...



Bernie McCann, PhD, CEAP Workplace Mental Health Consultant Employee Assistance Research Foundation mccannbag@gmail.com



Tracy McPherson, PhD
Chair, EASNA Knowledge Transfer &
Research Committee
Senior Research Scientist, NORC at the
University of Chicago
esap1234@gmail.com

White Paper: Bridging Public Health with Workplace Behavioral Health Services (WBHS): A Call to Action

This Rapid Fire Session Addresses:

- Rationale for a "Call to Action" for EA/WBHS Research
- Organizing Framework for Promoting and Organizing EA/WBHS Research
- Recommendations to Stakeholders to Promote and Align EA/WBHS studies with Public Health



Access the White Paper...



EASNA Research/Practice Webpage:

http://www.easna.org/researchand-best-practices/1636-2/

Employee Assistance Archive open to everyone; housed at University of Maryland:

http://archive.hshsl.umaryland.edu/handle/10713/4876

Bridging Public Health with Workplace Behavioral Health Services (WBHS): A Call to Action

 Rationale for a "Call to Action" for EA/WBHS Research

Lack of Evidence

- Work organizations invest billions in Workplace Behavioral Health Services (WBHS), predominately delivered by EA professionals.
- Industry, government, and society assume devotion of such resources = effectiveness.
- Yet research on the effectiveness of WBHS services to prevent and address the mental health and substance abuse risks and problems is lacking.
- Absence of science and evidence-based practice (EBP) leads to decisions based almost entirely on cost and providers have no tested standards for quality.

Challenges of WBHS Research

- WBHS research has been difficult to conduct.
- WBHS research requires significant collaboration with work organizations and professionals.
- Most WBHS research is provider-supported, subject to conflicts of interest, often conducted for marketing purposes, or not publicly disseminated.

EA Industry Call to Action

- "Bridging Public health with Workplace Behavioral Health Services" White Paper is a Call to Action.
- Overall Aim: Energize a new collaboration among work organizations, EA/WBHS providers, government agencies, researchers, and other stakeholders to systematically examine the processes and effectiveness.
- Ultimate goal: To reduce behavioral health concerns – improving overall health and quality of life for employees and their families.



ACA Reinforces the Need

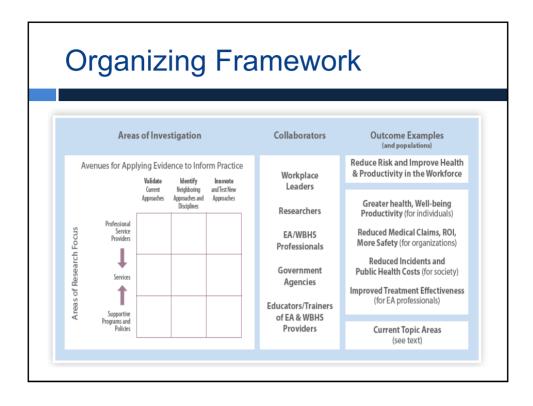
- Affordable Care Act (ACA) in the U.S. reinforces the need for rigorous EA/WBHS research.
- ACA identifies mental health and substance abuse treatment services as "essential health benefits" in all health care plans – extending access and parity.
- ACA is likely to lead to broad integration of WBHS into the mainstream health care system and increase access to care for many U.S. Americans.

Lack of EA/WBHS Research is a Public Health Problem

- Behavioral health issues have a profound impact on workforce productivity, employer costs, families, and communities.
- Payers and consumers of EA/WBHS will benefit from knowledge about how these services work and how they can be improved.
- EA/WBHS professionals lack evidence-based principles to guide the delivery and enhancement of services.
- ACA has specific provisions for behavioral health and relies on work organizations to help delivery these services.

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Framework to promote and organize WBHS research



Areas of Investigation **Identify Neighboring** Validate Current Innovate and Test Approaches and Disciplines Approaches **New Approaches** How effective are training programs for developing EA professionals? Professionals · How do different core · How does the profession view disciplines within the EA profession approach their work (e.g., psychologists versus social workers)? What are the barriers to testing new approaches? What are the core competencies of EA service professionals? What key collaborations ser as best practices for WBHS? What attitudes do EA professionals have? What types of studies are needed to develop innovative EA/WBHS services? Services • How effective are existing EAP · How can EAPs effectively adapt services used in other fields of public or occupational health? protocols in co (see Table 1)? cols in core service areas What is the impact of emerging technology on EA/ WBHS effectiveness? Can EAPs apply other public health models, such as the Triple Aim? • Can health media make EA/ WBHS services more effective? Programs and Policies · Which programs benefit from · How can national policy foster test and adapt EBP? collaboration with professionals outside the EA field? • What makes EAPs unique and What interdisciplinary projects will result in better uptake of EA/ WBHS? requires special training to deliver services? What types of "disruptive technologies" will help vitalize the EA/ WBHS field? What policies are needed to enhance or regulate current approaches? How can workplace policies guide collaborations for better service delivery?

Collaboration is Key to Advance EA/WBHS Research

- Workplace Leaders organizational consumers across all industries
- EA/WBHS professionals
- Researchers interfacing EA/WBHS, e.g., public health, mental health, addiction, workplace health and productivity, risk management, HR, administrative science
- Funding and Governmental Policy Agency Representative (e.g., CDC, NIH, SAMHSA, ONDCP) who can encourage research and play a role in relevant policy (e.g., ACA).
- Educators/Academics who prepare future generations of EA/WBHS professionals.

The Ultimate Goal of Collaboration

- Reducing risk and improve the health and productivity of the workforce.
- Achieving outcomes for employees, the organizations they work in, and society as a whole -- recognizing that the primary outcome is not just about the employers financial ROI – other outcomes matter (e.g., practitioners are using EBP guidelines)
- Achieving outcomes that demonstrate effectiveness of EA/WBHS practitioners.

Topic Areas of Collaboration

Areas of Consensus...

- Veteran Workplace Integration
- Crisis Intervention and Mental Health
- Health and Productivity
- Alcohol and Drugs
- Innovative Research and Development
- Refining the EAP value statement
- □ Resilience

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 Recommendations to Stakeholders to Promote and Align EA/WBHS studies with Public Health

Call to Action Recommendations

- For Work Organization Leaders:
 - Ask for education about EBP
 - Utilize EBP in areas that enhance productivity
 - Encourage employee participation in WBHS studies
 - Encourage EA providers to conduct credible WBHS outcome evaluations using valid measures and acceptable response rates
- For EA Service Providers:
 - Initiate direct dialog with business leaders to assure delivery of evidence-based services and training
 - Provide quality monitoring of EAP subcontractors and affiliates
 - Hold affiliates accountable for using EBP

Call to Action Recommendations

- For Researchers:
 - Apply innovative experimental and quasi-experimental approaches to establish effectiveness of EA/WBHS services
 - Find innovative ways to persuade work organizations to support EA/WBHS research and to allow workers to participate
 - Use the framework to plan interdisciplinary studies and businessprovider-research collaborations
- For Funding Agencies:
 - Identify specific review panels for EA/WBHS research
 - Ensure reviewers have appropriate experience in conducting EA/WBHS research to promote continuity and consistency in reviews
 - Support funding announcements that encourage research among areas and collaborators in the framework

Call to Action Recommendations

- For Educators and Academics:
 - Develop advanced degrees and training curricula to promote the use of EBP among EA/WBHS professionals
 - Develop cross-disciplinary programs fostering partnerships between disciplines (e.g., management, psychology, social work, human resources)
 - Articulate and synthesize theories and conceptual frameworks that can help advance research

Closing Thoughts...

- Continued neglect of EA/WBHS research portends several problems:
 - Stagnation of the field
 - Ineffective education and training of new EA professionals
 - Lack of innovation
- Without commitment to high-quality research public health stakeholders will continue to lack evidence-based standards to guide professionals and consumers toward effective and optimal use of EA/WBHS.
- Scientific basis for valuing EA/WBHS remains limited, despite their widespread and routine use by millions of people.
- EA/WBHS marketplace is currently fragmented and needs a framework to advance our understanding of the services for the benefit of advancing public health.

What is Your Role?

- Read the White Paper
 - Learn more about this EA industry initiative



- Identify your role in advancing EA/WBHS resear
 - Do you have the *capacity* to promote or support EA/WBHS research?
 - Do you have <u>access</u> to employees, data, or other asset to support conducting EA/WBHS research?
 - Do you have the <u>resources</u> (e.g., funding, staff) to support conducting EA/WBHS research?
 - Who can you *collaborate* with to advance EA/WBHS research?

